



CURRICULUM VITA

Surname: Noormohammadi

Name: Mohammad

Academic position: Assistant Professor Department of Physics, University of Kashan, Iran

Personal Email: noormohammadi@kashanu.ac.ir

Education:

Ph.D programs(۱۳۸۰-۱۴۰۲)

Ph.D. in Physics (Condensed matter physics), Shiraz University, Shiraz, Iran.

Thesis: Fabrication of ۲D and ۳D alumina nanostructure and investigation about their physical properties and applications
Supervisors: Prof M. Moradie

M.Sc. programs (۱۳۹۰-۱۴۰۱)

Nuclear physics, University of Kashan, Kashan, Iran

Thesis: Fabrication of two dimensional photonic crystals based on hard anodization method and its optical investigation Supervisors: Prof A.Ramazani,
M.Sc. course work

B.Sc. programs (۱۳۷۷-۱۴۰۰)

B.Sc. in Physics (Solid State) Kashan University, Kashan, Iran

Research Interests:

Photonic Crystals, Piezoelectric Nanogenerators, photovoltaic Nano-Structures

Course taught:

General physics, Solid State Physics I, Thermodynamics, Statistical mechanics.

Scientific publications:

۱. M. Almasi Kashi, A. Ramazani, M. Noormohammadi, M. Zarei and P. Marashi "Optimum self-ordered nanopore arrays with ۱۳۰-۲۷۰ nm interpore distances formed by hard anodization in sulfuric/oxalic acid mixtures" J. Phys. D: Appl. Phys. ۵۰ (۲۰۰۷) ۷۰۳۲-۷۰۴۰.

۲. M. Almasi Kashi, A. Ramazani, M. Rahmandoost and M. Noormohammadi "The effect of pH and composition of sulfuric–oxalic acid mixture on the self-ordering configuration of high porosity alumina nanohole arrays" J. Phys. D: Appl. Phys. ۵۰ (۲۰۰۷) ۱-۶.

۳. M. Almasi Kashi, A. Ramazani, Y. Mayamai and M. Noormohammadi "Fabrication of Self-Ordered Nanoporous Alumina with ۶۹-۱۱۰ nm Interpore Distances in Sulfuric/Oxalic Acid Mixtures by Hard Anodization" Japanese Journal of Applied Physics ۴۹ (۲۰۱۰) ۱۰۲۰۲-۱۰۲۰۷.

۱. M. Moradi, M. Noormohammadi and F. Behzadi "Three-dimensional structural engineering of nanoporous alumina by controlled sprinkling of an electrolyte on a porous anodic alumina (PAA) template" *J. Phys. D: Appl. Phys.* ۴۴ (۲۰۱۱) ۰۴۰۳۰۱.
۲. M. Noormohammadi, M. Moradi "Structural engineering of nanoporous alumina by direct cooling the barrier layer during the aluminum hard anodization" *Materials Chemistry and Physics* ۱۳۰ (۲۰۱۲) ۱۰۸۹.
۳. M. Noormohammadi , M. Moradi, M. Almasi Kashi , A. Ramazani c, Y. Mayamai "Structural engineering of nanoporous alumina by controlling the anodization voltage during the spontaneous current oscillation in hard anodization" *Surface & Coatings Technology* ۲۲۳ (۲۰۱۳) ۱۰۴–۱۰۹.
۴. Z. Chamanzadeh, M. Noormohammadi, M. Zahedifar, Enhanced photovoltaic performance of dye sensitized solar cell using TiO₂ and ZnO nanoparticles on top of free standing TiO₂ nanotube arrays, *Materials Science in Semiconductor Processing*, ۶۱ (۲۰۱۷) ۱۰۷-۱۱۲.
۵. V. Asgari, M. Noormohammadi, A. Ramazani, M. Almasi Kashi "A facile method to form highly-ordered TiO₂ nanotubes at a stable growth rate of ۱۰۰ nm min⁻¹ under ۱۰ V using an organic electrolyte for improved photovoltaic properties" *Journal of Physics D: Applied Physics*, ۵۰ (۲۰۱۷) ۳۷۰۰۰۱.
۶. V. Asgari, Mohammad Noormohammadi, Abdol ali Ramazani, Mohammad Almasi Kashi,A new approach to electropolishing of pure Ti foil in acidic solution at room temperature for the formation of ordered and long TiO₂ nanotube arrays,*Corrosion Science*, ۱۳۶ (۲۰۱۸) ۳۸-۴۶.
۷. M. Arefpour, M. Almasi Kashi, F. Khansari Barzoki, M. Noormohammadi, A.Ramazani "Electrodeposited metal nanowires as transparent conductive electrodes: Their release conditions, electrical conductivity, optical transparency and chemical stability" *Materials & Design*, ۱۰۷ (۲۰۱۸) ۳۲۶-۳۳۶.
۸. S. Abbasi mofrad ,M. Almasi Kashi ,M. Noormohammadi, A. Ramazani "Tuning the optical properties of nanoporous anodic alumina photonic crystals by control of allowed voltage range via mixed acid concentration" *Elsevier Journal of Physics and Chemistry of Solids*, ۱۱۸ (۲۰۱۸) ۲۲۱-۲۲۱.
۹. Z. Chamanzadeh, M. Noormohammadi, M. Zahedifar "Self-organized and uniform TiO₂ nanotube arrays with optimized NH₄F concentration in electrolyte by high voltage electrochemical anodization" *Materials Research Express*, ۵ (۲۰۱۸) ۰۰۰۲۰.
- ۱۰- M. Noormohammadi, Z. Sabaghpoor Arani, A. Ramazani, M. Almasi Kashi, S. Abbasimofrad" Super-fast fabrication of self-ordered nanoporous anodic alumina membranes by ultra-hard anodization" *Electrochimica Acta* ۳۰۴ (۲۰۲۰) ۱۳۶۷۶
- ۱۱- V. Asgari, Mohammad Noormohammadi, Abdol ali Ramazani, Mohammad Almasi Kashi "The role of barrier layer temperature in the formation of long and small-diameter TiO₂ nanotube arrays" *Journal of Porous Materials volume* ۲۷(۲۰۲۰) ۱۶۱۳-۱۶۲۱
- ۱۲- H. Soleymani, M. Noormohammadi, M. Almasi Kashi, M. Hassanpour Amiri, J. J. Michels K. Asadi, M. Mahdi Abolhasani "Self-Poled Sausage-Like PVDF Nanowires Produced by Confined Phase Inversion as Novel Piezoelectric Nanogenerators" *Advanced Materials Interfaces* ۸ (۲۰۲۱) ۲۰۰۱۷۳۴

Conferences (Published in Proceedings):

۱. M. Ahmadzadeh , M . Almasi Kashi , M . noormohammadi ,Fabrication of highly ordered CoFe nanowires arrays via selenic acid anodizing ,^۷th International Congress on Nanoscience and Nanotechnology ,۲۰۱۸ ۰۹۲۶.
۲. Z. Chamanzadehb, M.Zahedifarab, M.Noormohammadia ,Investigation the effect of high anodization voltage on TiO₂ nanotubes properties and application in dye sensitized solar cell ,^۷th International Congress on Nanoscience and Nanotechnology (ICNN^۷ ۱۸) ,۲۰۱۸ ۰۹۲۶.
۳. Z. Chamanzadehb, M.Zahedifarab, M.Noormohammadia ,Investigation the effect of ZnO nanoparticles decorated TiO₂ nanotube arrays on the performance of dye sensitized solar cells ,^۷th International Conference on Nanostructures (ICNS^۷) , ۲۰۱۸ ۰۲۲۷.
۴. مهدیه احمدزاده ازناوه، محمد الماسی کاشی، محمد نورمحمدی، اثر جریان الکترونهشت بر خواص مغناطیسی نانو سیم های Co، کنفرانس فیزیک ایران ، دانشگاه تبریز ۱۳۹۸